

# BRUEGEL AT A GLANCE

### **Our mission**

Improving economic policy

#### How?

Through open, evidence-based and policy-relevant research, analysis and discussion.

Established in 2005, Bruegel does not have any particular policy doctrine. Our research draws on the latest analysis to assess economic transformations, discuss policy options and propose recommendations – while always keeping an eye on their practical feasibility.

In doing this, we contribute at various stages of policy-making, setting the agenda, shaping fast-moving policy debates in real time and evaluating policies to propose improvements.

We are committed to impartiality, openness and excellence. These values reassure stakeholders that Bruegel can make a legitimate contribution to improving economic policy.

Thanks to our dual focus on analysis and impact, and our dynamic relationships with policy makers at every level of governance, we have established ourselves as a vibrant laboratory for economic policy.

The 2020 Global Go To Think Tank Index Report, published by the University of Pennsylvania, ranked Bruegel as:

### 1#

Top Think Tanks in Western Europe
Top International Economics Policy Think Tanks

## 2#

Top Think Tanks Worldwide (US and Non-US)
Think Tanks with Outstanding Policy-Oriented Research Programs
Best Quality Assurance and Integrity Policies and Procedures
Best Institutional Collaboration Involving Two or More Think Tanks

## 4#

Think Tanks with the Most Significant Impact on Public Policy

## 5#

Best Managed Think Tanks
Think Tanks with the Best Use of the Internet
Best Use of Media (Print or Electronic)

#### Five stars

Transparify, an independent NGO, has repeatedly awarded Bruegel five stars out of five for transparency, recognising its openness about financing and governance.











# OUR IMPACT



### Outreach

## **Editorial output**

## **Events**

51,441

Media mentions

73,600+

Twitter followers

3.4M

Page views

246,723

Podcast plays

#### **REGULAR TESTIMONES**

Bruegel scholars speak regularly at the European Parliament, National parliaments and informal ECOFIN meetings

中華 MUNDUS

ZhōngHuá Mundus is our monthly newsletter exploring China's global role and its impact on Europe in the increasingly complex geopolitical puzzle. **87**Publications

84

Blogs

58

100-500

**Podcasts** 

**71** 

**Events** 

108,413

Total outreach

57,830

**Total views** 





# RESEARCH AGENDA

## GREEN ECONOMY

Climate change, covid-19, decarbonisation, energy, European Green Deal, fiscal policy, tax policy, sustainability, sustainable finance

#### **PRISMA**

DECIPHER

IAM CONTACT

**Economics of Climate & Energy Transition** 

TT Network on EGD

PRISMA: aims to bring integrated assessment models to the next level by focusing on four key areas of improvement, namely the representation of distributional justice and efficiency, innovation and finance, climate impacts and landuse implications, and lifestyle change and circularity.

DECIPHER (Decision-making framework and processes for holistic evaluation of environmental and climate policies): Holistic and operational decision-making

## DIGITAL ECONOMY AND INNOVATION

Artificial intelligence, security, digital economy, digital currencies, technology, digital single market, fintech, innovation, capital markets

Future of work and inclusive growth

framework that integrates advanced economic and biophysical models, empirical methods and stakeholder participation tools.

IAM COMPACT (Expanding Integrated Assessment Modelling: Comprehensive and Comprehensible Science for Sustainable, Co-Created Climate Action): Assessment of global climate goals and design of the next round of NDCs and policy planning beyond 2030 for major emitters and nonhigh-income countries.

ECONOMICS OF CLIMATE & ENERGY TRANSITION: covers four main thematic areas: Climate and Energy Policy, Green Macro, Green Diplomacy, and Green Finance. The overall objective of the work

## INCLUSIVE ECONOMY

Growth, inequality, innovation, future of work

Translatlatic Expert Group

is Ensuring Europe's decarbonisation pathway consistent with the 2050 climate neutrality target and ensuring an increased global cooperation on climate action.

TT NETWORK ON EUROPEAN GREEN DEAL aims to strengthen the collaboration between think tanks active in understanding and unlocking the potential, impact and implementation of specific policy tools of the EGD and build the knowledge to define political objectives and priorities for the EGD.

FUTURE OF WORK AND INCLUSIVE GROWTH in Europe closely analyses the impact of technology on nature, quantity and quality of work, welfare systems and inclusive growth at large.

## MACROECONOMIC POLICIES

Transatlantic relations, employment, eu governance, fiscal policy, growth, health economics and policy, industrial policy, monetary policy, tax policy, welfare policy, financial regulation

Macroeconomics of decarbonisation

**BB-Future** 

## TRANSLATLANTIC EXPERT GROUP ON THE FUTURE OF

WORK: Promoting the exchange of views and best practices in the area of the future of work that can feed current and future EU-US policy dialogue (running from 2020 to 2022).

MACROECONOMICS OF
DECARBONISATION project aims
to build the required knowledge to
develop a solid and coherent macroeconomic framework of European
decarbonisation and develop a
macroeconomic policy agenda for
the European Green Deal.

**BB-FUTURE** project aims to analyse the size and the implications

#### GLOBAL ECONOMY AND TRADE

Competition policy, transatlantic relations, energy, monetary policy, European single market, emerging economies, trade policy, future of work, geopolitcs, financial crisis, global governance, capital markets, migration, eu budget, multilaleralism, tax policy, security

**DWARC** 

**RETHINK GSC** 

HSMA II/NIESA

of the incoming care wave of aging baby boomers on economic and social outcomes in Europe, and develop policy recommendations for advance planning at the EU and MS levels.

DWARC (Dealing with a Resurgent China) responds to the European need to develop a long-term approach to engage strategically with the resurgent and increasingly assertive China and the global changes unleashed thereby.

RETHINK-GSC (Rethinking Global Supply Chains: measurement, impact and policy) aims to enhance the understanding of the impact of

#### EUROPEAN GOVERNANCE

Competition policy, transatlantic relations, energy, monetary policy, European single market, emerging economies, trade policy, future of work, geopolitcs, financial crisis, global governance, capital markets, migration, eu budget, multilaleralism, tax policy, security

#### EU3D

GSCs using new measures that can quantify the role knowledge flows, and thus acknowledge the increasing importance of intangibles in global production.

TISMA II/NIESA: The TISMA project continuation will provide policy recommendations regarding an alternative to the "carbon club" plan, being negotiated between the USTR and the EU. The aim is a negotiated outcome that is compliant with existing international obligations, complements the EU Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism (CBAM), and EU Member States governments' efforts towards an open and cooperative international climate club. The NIESA project starts from the need of political convergence

## BANKING AND CAPITAL MARKETS

Competition policy, transatlantic relations, energy, monetary policy, European single market, emerging economies, trade policy, future of work, geopolitcs, financial crisis, global governance, capital markets, migration, eu budget, multilaleralism, tax policy, security

among WTO members on permissible environmental subsidies that minimize negative cross-border economic externalities and maximize positive economic and environmental spillovers. It aims at generating public knowledge and awareness of key constituencies for net-global welfare enhancing International Environmental Subsidies Agreement design.

EU3D (EU Differentiation, Dominance and Democracy): Develop and apply a theory of differentiation that specifies the conditions under which differentiation is politically acceptable, institutionally sustainable and democratically legitimate.

# **OUR MEMBERS**

### State members

Austria Belaium Cyprus Denmark Finland France Germany Hungary Ireland

Italy

Luxembourg

Malta

Netherlands

Poland Slovakia

Spain Sweden

**United Kingdom** 

#### Banc Ceannais na hÉireann

Institutional members

Banca d'Italia

Banca Națională a României Banque centrale du Luxembourg

Bank of England Banque de France

Suomen Pankki Danmarks Nationalbank

De Nederlandsche Bank

European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

European Investment Bank

Fundación Instituto de Crédito Oficial

Groupe Caisse des Dépôts

Japan Machinery Center for Trade and Investment

Laudes Foundation

Národná banka Slovenska Oesterreichische Nationalbank

Sveriges Riksbank

TELA - Työeläkevakuuttajat

### Corporate members

A2A

Accenture

Amazon

Apple

**Autonomy Capital** 

Banco Santander

**BBVA** 

BlackRock

Breakthrough energy

Brevan Howard

Deloitte

**FDF** 

**Element Capital** 

Enel

Engie

Fni

E.ON

Fortescue Future Industries

Generali

Google

**HSBC** 

Huawei

Iberdrola

ING

I imak

Lombard Odier Investment Management (LOIM)

MasterCard

MediaTek

McKinsey Global Institute

Meta

Microsoft

Millennium Management Global

Moody's

Morgan Stanley

Polska Grupa Energetyczna

Poste Italiane

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Randstad

Renault

Rokos Capital Mangagement

Shell

Snam

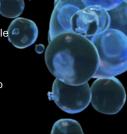
Société Générale

S&P Global

Temasek

Terna

UniCredit Group



For almost 20 years now, Bruegel's input on economic policy issues has greatly contributed to the European debate. As a politician and former economist and a friend of Bruegel, I think it's important to repeat how Bruegel's analytical work on many aspects of the European Union has been and still is crucial to ongoing debates. It greatly contributes to bringing about clear, coherent and constructive changes throughout the European Union.

Laurence Boone, Secretary of State for European affairs, France



### Who funds Bruegel?

Bruegel's distinctive nature rests on a balanced partnership between private and public stakeholders. A diverse set of stakeholders helps buttress independence and allows the budget to cover the funding cycle.

Core funding **78.85%** 

Non-core funding **21.15%** 

		Insitutional members	Other revenues
36.63%	31.54%	10.68%	21.15%



### Membership benefits

Members are at the core of Bruegel's organisational framework, of its governance and of the process under which research topics are selected. They support Bruegel's efforts to push the frontier of economic research and to influence policy.

#### A voice in Bruegel's research programme

While research and publication remain entirely independent, the design of Bruegel's research agenda is the result of a joint collaboration between Bruegel's fellows and members.

#### A stake in Bruegel's governance

Every three years, members elect Bruegel's Board. The Board, chaired by Erkki Liikanen, appoints the Director and has decision-making powers on Bruegel's strategy, research programme, partnerships and budget. Every three years, members appoint the review task force to evaluate all aspects of Bruegel's work from research to management.

#### **Exchange ideas with Bruegel fellows**

Members interact with our fellows through phone calls and face-to-face exchanges. They are also regularly updated on Bruegel's activities, research and upcoming initiatives via the weekly members newsletter. Our fellows participate in members' events, conferences and internal retreats.

#### Priority access to all Bruegel events

Bruegel members are regularly invited to participate as guest speakers at Bruegel events, and to brainstorming discussions. They have access to our restricted off-the-record workshops and they are also invited to Bruegel's Annual Meetings and Annual Dinner.

### **Contact information**

For more information on Bruegel's Membership Programme
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